

Diversity and Fairness From a Ranking Evaluation Perspective

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Source: AIATSIS Map of Indigenous Australia. https://aiatsis.gov.au/explore/mapindigenous-australia





Acknowledgment of Country

I would like to acknowledge the people of the Woi wurrung and Boon wurrung language groups of the eastern Kulin Nation on whose unceded lands I live, teach, work, and learn.

I respectfully acknowledge Ancestors and Elders past and present.

I also acknowledge the Traditional Custodians and their Ancestors of the lands and waters across Australia where we conduct our business.





PhD in Computer Science (UNED, 2014) Supervisors: Julio Gonzalo and Enrique Amigó





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> > and W. Bruce Croft



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and W. Bruce Croft

Lecturer (2019-) and DECRA Fellow (2020-2023) at RMIT





RMIT Research Centre for Information Discovery and Data Analytics http://rmit.edu.au/cidda



CIDDA

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ARC Centre of Excellence for Automated Decision-Making and Society Bringing together universities, industry, government and the community to support the development of responsible, ethical and inclusive automated decision-making.

https://www.admscentre.org.au/



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Research Hub (RMIT ABC Fact Check + CIDDA + ADM+S)

https://www.rmit.edu.au/about/schools-colleges/media-andcommunication/industry/factlab



Purpose of Today/Tonight

Diversity

and

Fairness

from a

Ranking Evaluation

perspective



Diversity

and

Fairness

from a

Ranking (Offline) Evaluation

perspective



Grounding Question



Go to **www.menti.com** and use the code **3168 7558**

https://www.menti.com/eh8eb77k8w

Source: Vicki Smith / Getty Images



List elements used to characterize IR evaluation











What does it make a document relevant to a topic?



What does it make a document relevant to a topic?

Which evaluation measure should we use?



What does it make a document relevant to a topic?

Which evaluation measure should we use?

What does the evaluation score tell us about the quality of systems?



Diversity

and

Fairness

from a

Ranking Evaluation

perspective



User's information need



User's \longrightarrow Topic



User's \longrightarrow Topic

Intent











User's \longrightarrow Topic $\xrightarrow{1..n}$ 1..m Query

Intent

Source: https://plg.uwaterloo.ca/~trecweb/2012.html



<topic number="6" type="ambiguous"> <query>kcs</query> <description>Find information on the Kansas City Southern railroad. </description> <subtopic number="1" type="nav"> Find the homepage for the Kansas City Southern railroad. </subtopic> <subtopic number="2" type="inf"> I'm looking for a job with the Kansas City Southern railroad. </subtopic> <subtopic number="3" type="nav"> Find the homepage for Kanawha County Schools in West Virginia. </subtopic> <subtopic number="4" type="nav"> Find the homepage for the Knox County School system in Tennessee. </subtopic> <subtopic number="5" type="inf"> Find information on KCS Energy, Inc., and their merger with Petrohawk Energy Corporation. </subtopic> </topic> <topic number="16" type="faceted"> <query>arizona game and fish</query> <description>I'm looking for information about fishing and hunting in Arizona. </description> <subtopic number="1" type="nav"> Take me to the Arizona Game and Fish Department homepage. </subtopic> <subtopic number="2" type="inf"> What are the regulations for hunting and fishing in Arizona? </subtopic> <subtopic number="3" type="nav"> I'm looking for the Arizona Fishing Report site. </subtopic> <subtopic number="4" type="inf"> I'd like to find guides and outfitters for hunting trips in Arizona. </subtopic> </topic> Initial topic release will include only the query field.

As shown in these examples, topics are categorized as either "ambiguous" or "faceted". Ambiguous queries are those that have multiple distinct interpretations. We assume that a user interested in one interpretation would not be interested in the others. On the other hand, facets reflect underspecified queries, with different aspects covered by the subtopics. We assume that a user interested in one aspect may still be interested in others. 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0



- 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 1
- 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0



Topic

151	1	clueweb09-en0005-98-00099	1
151	2	clueweb09-en0005-98-00099	0
151	3	clueweb09-en0005-98-00099	0
151	4	clueweb09-en0005-98-00099	0
151	5	clueweb09-en0005-98-00099	0
151	1	clueweb09-en0005-98-00107	2
151	2	clueweb09-en0005-98-00107	2
151	3	clueweb09-en0005-98-00107	2
151	4	clueweb09-en0005-98-00107	2
151	5	clueweb09-en0005-98-00107	4
151	1	clueweb09-en0005-98-00108	1
151	2	clueweb09-en0005-98-00108	0
151	3	clueweb09-en0005-98-00108	0
151	4	clueweb09-en0005-98-00108	0
151	5	clueweb09-en0005-98-00108	0
151	1	clueweb09-en0005-98-00110	1

151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0



Document Id

Topic

151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 4 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 5

- 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 1
- 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0



Document Id



Relevance Judgment

- 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 4 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 4 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 1
- 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0


Qrels

Subtopic/Aspect

Document Id

Relevance Judgment

Topic

151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 4 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4 151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 4 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0 151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 1 151 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00110 0

Qrels

Subtopic/Aspect Document Id

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4

151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0

Topic

151 1

151 3

2

5

151

151 4

151

151 1

151 4

151 5

Relevance Judgment

Ranking

- 151 3 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-enwp02-06-01125 1 32.38 example2012 151 4 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0011-25-31331 2 29.73 example2012 151 5 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0006-97-08104 3 21.93 example2012 151 1 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0009-82-23589 4 21.34 example2012 151 2 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0001-51-20258 5 21.06 example2012 Q0 clueweb09-en0002-99-12860 6 13.00 example2012 151 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0003-08-08637 7 12.87 example2012 Q0 clueweb09-en0004-79-18096 8 11.13 example2012 151
 - 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0008-90-04729 9 10.72 example2012



Qrels

Subtopic/Aspect D

151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00099

151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2 151 3 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

151 5 clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 4

151 1 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 1 151 2 clueweb09-en0005-98-00108 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00099 0

clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

clueweb09-en0005-98-00107 2

Document Id

Topic

151

151 3

151 4

151 1

151 4

151

2

5

Relevance Judgment

Ranking

- 151 3 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-enwp02-06-01125 1 32.38 example2012 151 4 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0011-25-31331 2 29.73 example2012 151 5 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0006-97-08104 3 21.93 example2012 151 1 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0009-82-23589 4 21.34 example2012 151 2 clueweb09-en0005 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0001-51-20258 5 21.06 example2012 Q0 clueweb09-en0002-99-12860 6 13.00 example2012 151 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0003-08-08637 7 12.87 example2012 Q0 clueweb09-en0004-79-18096 8 11.13 example2012 151
 - 151 Q0 clueweb09-en0008-90-04729 9 10.72 example2012

Evaluation Measure(Ranking, qrels) = Score



About Metrics



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3168 7558

https://www.menti.com/eh8eb77k8w



Effectiveness evaluation metrics for diversity

exploration vs exploitati inverse document frequenc nr of subtopic in top x rank biased overlap distance unrelated feats common results list no idea overlap relevance income alpha-ndcg no map cheese ndcq ab testing take into account user item dissimilarity most clicks cosine similarity vector dissimilarity some vector distance relative representation

Mentimeter



Metric to analyze which system performs better for **navigational queries**?





Metric to analyze which system performs better for **navigational queries**?



and for Search Result Diversification?

query: things to do in Nijmegen





Metric to analyze which system performs better for **navigational queries**?



and for Search Result Diversification?

query: things to do in Nijmegen



How Do We Pick The Right Metric? Example

Metric to analyze which system performs better for **navigational queries**?



and for Search Result Diversification?







How Do We Pick The Right Metric? Example

Metric to analyze which system performs better for **navigational queries**?



and for Search Result Diversification?







Which Metric Would You Pick?



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3168 7558

https://www.menti.com/eh8eb77k8w



Which Approach Would You Follow To Pick The Right Evaluation Measure?

Study metric behaviour in relation to desirable properties wins!

I.' Mentimeter







We may not be able to prescribe how to design the evaluation metric for our task...





We may not be able to prescribe how to design the evaluation metric for our task...

...but we know certain **boundary conditions** (or constraints) of our problem





We may not be able to prescribe how to design the evaluation metric for our task...

...but we know certain **boundary conditions** (or constraints) of our problem

desirable properties of a metric for our problem (e.g., search result diversification)







An Axiomatic Analysis of Diversity Evaluation Metrics: Introducing the Rank-Biased Utility Metric

Enrique Amigó, Damiano Spina, and Jorge Carrillo-de-Albornoz. 2018. An Axiomatic Analysis of Diversity Evaluation Metrics: Introducing the Rank-Biased Utility Metric. In *Proceedings of SIGIR'18.* DOI:https://doi.org/10.1145/3209978.3210024



P@k
RR
AP
nDCG@k
ERR@k
RBP
P-IA@k
RR-IA@k
AP-IA
nDCG-IA@k
ERR-IA@k
RBP-IA
S-Recall@k
S-RR@100%
NRBP
D#-Measure@k
α-nDCG@k
EU
CT@k



	Priority	Deepness	Deepness Threshold	Closeness	Confidence
P@k	0	0	•	•	0
RR	0	0	•	0	0
AP	0	0	0	•	0
nDCG@k	•	•	0	•	0
ERR@k	•	•	•	0	0
RBP	•	•	•	•	0
P-IA@k	0	0	•	•	0
RR-IA@k	0	0	•	0	0
AP-IA	•	•	0	•	0
nDCG-IA@k	•	•	0	•	0
ERR-IA@k	•	•	•	0	0
RBP-IA	•	•	•	•	0
S-Recall@k	0	0	•	0	0
S-RR@100%	0	0	•	0	0
NRBP	•	•	•	•	0
D#-Measure@k	•	•	0	•	0
α-nDCG@k	•	•	•	•	0
EU	•	•	•	•	•
CT@k	•	•	•	0	0

	Priority	Deepness	Deepness Threshold	Closeness	Confidence	Query Aspect Diversity	Redundancy	Monotonic Redundancy	Aspect Relevance Saturation	Aspect Relevance
P@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AP	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
nDCG@k	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERR@k	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RBP	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
P-IA@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
RR-IA@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
AP-IA	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
nDCG-IA@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
ERR-IA@k	•	•	•	0	0			•		•
RBP-IA	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
S-Recall@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
S-RR@100%	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
NRBP	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
D#-Measure@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
α-nDCG@k	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
EU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	0	•
CT@k	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	0	•	•

	Priority	Deepness	Deepness Threshold	Closeness	Confidence	Query Aspect Diversity	Redundancy	Monotonic Redundancy	Aspect Relevance Saturation	Aspect Relevance
P@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AP	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
nDCG@k	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERR@k	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RBP	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
P-IA@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
RR-IA@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
AP-IA	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
nDCG-IA@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
ERR-IA@k	•	•	•	0	0			•		
RBP-IA	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
S-Recall@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
S-RR@100%	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
NRBP	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
D#-Measure@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
α -nDCG@k	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
EU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	0	•
CT@k	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	0	•	•
RBU@k	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•



	Priority	Deepness	Deepness Threshold	Closeness	Confidence	Query Aspect Diversity	Redundancy	Monotonic Redundancj	Aspect Relevance Saturation	Aspect Relevance
P@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AP	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
nDCG@k	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERR@k	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RBP	•	•	•		0	0	0	0	0	0
P-IA@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
RR-IA@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
AP-IA	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
nDCG-IA@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
ERR-IA@k	•	•	•	0	0			•		
RBP-IA	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
S-Recall@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
S-RR@100%	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
NRBP	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
D#-Measure@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
α-nDCG@k	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
EU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	0	•
CT@k	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	0	•	•
RBU@k	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•



Formal Properties (Diversity)

Query Aspect Diversity

Covering more about the aspects in the same document (i.e., without additional effort of inspecting more documents) increases the score.





Formal Properties (Diversity)

Redundancy

Adding a document from a less present (less redundant) aspect, increases the score



	Priority	Deepness	Deepness Threshold	Closeness	Confidence	Query Aspect Diversity	Redundancy	Monotonic Redundancy	Aspect Relevance Saturation	Aspect Relevance
P@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AP	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
nDCG@k	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERR@k	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RBP	•	•	•		0	0	0	0	0	0
P-IA@k	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
RR-IA@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
AP-IA	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•
nDCG-IA@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
ERR-IA@k	•	•	•	0	0			•		•
RBP-IA	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
S-Recall@k	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
S-RR@100%	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0
NRBP	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
D#-Measure@k	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	•
α-nDCG@k	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	0	0
EU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	0	•
CT@k	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	0	•	•
RBU@k	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

L and

RBU: Rank-Biased Utility



https://github.com/rmit-ir/RBU and also available in EvALL: http://evall.uned.es/

Diversity

and

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Diversity

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Fairness

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Ranking Evaluation

perspective



Is Diversity Enough?

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3168 7558



Home Contact Publications

https://www.menti.com/eh8eb77k8w

Fairness in Information Retrieval

Djoerd Hiemstra June 22, 2021 Fair Machine Learning Was fairness in IR discussed by Cooper and Robertson in the 1970's?

https://djoerdhiemstra.com/2021/fairness-in-information-retrieval/



Describe a scenario on which rankings may lead to **discriminative or unfair outcomes**

if the system was evaluated by a non diverse group of people

Job offers

HR/ job search

Automatic candidate selection for jobs

Ranking candidates for job vacancies, or ranking job vacancies for candidates.

Fraud

Smaller parties can be left out

If all top rankings have a certain characteristic but that doesn't actually cause the increased relevancy

Candidate ranking for job vacancies

• Mentimeter

<u>3</u>0

Describe a scenario on which rankings may lead to **discriminative or unfair outcomes**



bank loan discrimination	Ranking might put fake news higher than other real news.	Information about political decisions, public opinions and facts.
Elections	Ranking or recommendation of online (fake) news articles.	Facerecognition
Scholarship grants	A fake story about a person may be ranked higher then a true story about the person because the true stray is less	Web stores where users can market their own products

interesting. Hence the ranking helps to spread fake news

Describe a scenario on which rankings may lead to **discriminative or unfair outcomes**



Image retrieval.

(Face recognition applied in surveillance - I'd like to be discriminated against here)

Etsy

Finding relevant previous court cases to use as basis for decision in new case

The system is trained on what a specific majority finds relevant.

election voting compass

Mortgages

Recommender systems that do not explore new recommendations, and only recommend the most popular items.

Finding a doctor (e.g. male doctors might rank above female doctors)

Vacancies

cheeseballz

<u>3</u>0







Individual Fairness

Similar individuals should be treated similarly.

Two candidates with the same skills and experience should receive the same treatment (e.g., positioned similarly in rankings).





Individual Fairness

Similar individuals should be treated similarly.

Two candidates with the same skills and experience should receive the same treatment (e.g., positioned similarly in rankings).

Group Fairness

Each salient group should be treated comparably.

Female candidates should not be less likely to get shortlisted than male candidates, and vice versa.




Evaluating Fairness in Argument Retrieval

Sachin Pathiyan Cherumanal, Damiano Spina, Falk Scholer, and W. Bruce Croft. 2021. Evaluating Fairness in Argument Retrieval. In *Proceedings of CIKM'21.* DOI:https://doi.org/10.1145/3459637.3482099



All Discussions News People

(PRO) 2) The Rationale Behind School Uniforms School uniforms...

Show full argument

(2) The Rationale Behind **School Uniforms School uniforms** are useful because of the fact that they not only restrict students" clothing options, but they prevent the problems that come from "individualized" dress. ... Because ...

https://www.debate.org/debates/school-uniforms/20/ score -

(PRO) Those statistics are getting better because of school...

Show full argument

Those statistics are getting better because of **school uniforms**. ... I believe if schools can adapt good **school uniforms**, Like the **uniforms** at Long Beach California, Then the **school** will be a more professional and a more safe ...

https://www.debate.org/debates/School-Uniforms/85/ score -

(PRO) Although most say that parents wont be able to afford...

Show full argument

Although most say that parents wont be able to afford these **uniforms**, it is also known that **uniforms** help stop bullying. ... I've heard and seen many humans being treated wrongly because clothing, but that can stop thanks to ...

https://www.debate.org/debates/School-Uniforms/17/ score -

(CON) 2) By using a school uniform, it is promoted that a ...

Show full argument

(2) By using a **school** uniform, it is promoted that a student has to conform to society and not individuality. ... It is shown to be a contradictory method when **school uniforms** are put into place as it contradicts the lesson that ...

https://www.debate.org/debates/School-Uniforms/80/ score -

PRO I understand that there is always a good chance that...

Show full argument

I understand that there is always a good chance that parents might teach students how to dress appropriately but this doesn't always happen. ... Sources: http://www.angelfire.com... http://www.ehow.com...

Q

Stance



Source: https://www.args.me/search.html?query=school%20uniforms





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Different ways of comparing distribution in the sample (ranking) with distribution in population (ground truth)

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Topic: Universal Basic Income		
Argument	Stance	
lifting society out of poverty	PRO	
UBI is individually destructive	CON	





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- Relevance: Graded between
 1 (least relevant) and 5 (most relevant).

 UBI is individually destructive ...

Code: https://github.com/rmit-ir/fair-arguments



Debate WISE

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 (Un)fairness metrics do not increase monotonically w.r.t. NDCG@5





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rND@5	-0.0762	-0.0667		
rKL@5	-0.2667	-0.3333*	0.3524*	
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- Diversity is related but not equivalent to (un)fairness.



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Future Work:

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Future Work:

- Fairness of topical categories along with stance i.e., Multi-Attribute fairness.
- Analyze other fairness and diversity metrics



Formal Properties (Diversity)

Aspect Relevance

Aspects with higher weights have more effect in score of the ranking quality.

CONSTRAINT 10 (ASPECT RELEVANCE, ASPREL). Aspects with higher
weights have more effect in score of the ranking quality. Formally,
assuming no aspect overlap, and being
$$d_i$$
 and d'_i documents that
are relevant to different aspects that have not been observed before,
 $\forall j < i. r(d_j, t) = r(d_j, t') = 0$, and $r(d_i, t) = r(d'_i, t') > 0$ then:
 $w(t) < w(t') \Longrightarrow O(\vec{d}_{d_i \leftrightarrow d'}) > O(\vec{d})$ (10)





Assessing Viewpoint Diversity in Search Results Using Ranking Fairness Metrics



Tim Draws, Nava Tintarev, and Ujwal Gadiraju. 2021. Assessing Viewpoint Diversity in Search Results Using Ranking Fairness Metrics. *SIGKDD Explor. Newsl. 23, 1 (June 2021)*, 50–58. DOI:https://doi.org/10.1145/3468507.3468515





Johannes Kiesel, Damiano Spina, Henning Wachsmuth, and Benno Stein. 2021. The Meant, the Said, and the Understood: Conversational Argument Search and Cognitive Biases. *In Proceedings of the 3rd Conference on Conversational User Interfaces (CUI '21)* DOI:https://doi.org/10.1145/3469595.3469615 "Ok Google/Alexa/Siri, should students wear school uniforms?"





EVENT REPORT

Report on the Future Conversations Workshop at CHIIR 2021

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Abstract

The Future Conversations workshop at CHIIR'21 looked to the future of search, recommendation, and information interaction to ask: where are the opportunities for conversational interactions? What do we need to do to get there? Furthermore, who stands to benefit?

The workshop was hands-on and interactive. Rather than a series of technical talks, we solicited position statements on opportunities, problems, and solutions in conversational search in all modalities (written, spoken, or multimodal). This paper -co-authored by the organisers and participants of the workshop- summarises the submitted statements and the discussions we had during the two sessions of the workshop. Statements discussed during the workshop are available at https://bit.ly/FutureConversations2021Statements.
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2.7 Future Fair Conversations

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The Meant, the Said, and the Understood: Conversational Argument Search and Cognitive Biases

Provocation Paper at



Should we introduce a universal basic income?

That is a very controversial topic! I found nine reasons: five in favor and four against a universal basic income. Which side should I start with?

I expected disagreement... Can you first give me the cons?

The main reasons against a universal basic income are that it, first, erodes incentives for financial responsibility and hard work, second, has negative effects on the national economy, and third, has superior alternative policies. Should I elaborate on one reason, list the remaining con, or list pros?

Conversational Argument Search

Large discrepancy between:

- Amount of information an intelligent assistant can convey
- Exploration a complex/controversial topic demands

- Decision made by the system to *expose* information to the user via a speechonly communication channel may create or reinforce unintended cognitive bias

Bias in Conversational Information Access

- Bias in Search (e.g., Azzopardi CHIIR'21)
- Bias in Conversational Systems and Personalized Knowledge Graphs (e.g., Gerritse et al. ICTIR'20)
 - Strategies: ignore, tell the user, or provide options to counterweigh/diversify

- Priming, anchoring, framing, availability bias...



Figure 3: Overview of the proposed research questions. Read arrows as "How can the <entity 1> <verb> the <entity 2>?"

Research Agenda

RQ Action Step

1. How can the user and the assistant understand each other?

- Investigate on short/long-term effects and mental models
- Develop privacy-aware interaction guidelines

2. How can the assistant explain its argumentative selection bias?

- Identify intuitively understandable bias categories
- Investigate how to make bias explicit

3. How can the user control the assistant's argumentative selection bias?

- Identify cue phrases that specify argumentative selection biases
- Investigate on personas for different argumentative selection biases

4. How can the assistant compensate for the user's cognitive biases?

- Investigate strategies to encourage users to explore
- Identify conversation styles that least provoke cognitive biases 5. How can the assistant help the user identify their cognitive biases?
 - Identify hints at the application of cognitive biases
 - Identify strategies to explain the users their cognitive biases



Figure 3: Overview of the proposed research questions. Read arrows as "How can the <entity 1> <verb> the <entity 2>?"

"Ok Google/Alexa/Siri, Is Australia outperforming other countries with its coronavirus vaccination rollout?"



FACT CHECK

Scott Morrison claimed Australia was outperforming other countries with its coronavirus vaccination rollout. Was he correct?

RMIT ABC Fact Check Posted Fri 16 Apr 2021 at 6:20am, updated Sun 2 May 2021 at 9:05pm



Misleading



Diversity

and

Fairness

from a

Ranking Evaluation

perspective







CIDDA



Dank Je Wel!

Diversity and Fairness From a Ranking Evaluation Perspective

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What's next...



The 25th Australasian Document Computing Symposium

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